

Pre-populate Form Fields from Request Parameters

There are 2 ways to pre-populate form fields in your form.

1. Set from the request parameter

By matching the actual field id, one can pre-populate the form field with the value set in the request parameter.

For example, the text field ID is "title", we can use the request parameter with the same name to pre-populate the text field's value.

If you wish to make it as read-only, you may use the *fk_*title as the parameter name ("fk_" as the prefix). If you wish to make it editable, you may use the "fke_" prefix.

The screenshot shows a web browser address bar with the URL `080/jw/web/userview/hr_expense/hr_expense_userview//new_claim?title=Hello`. The `?title=Hello` part is highlighted with a red box. Below the browser is the application header for "HR Expenses Claim App" with the date "Mon, 25 May 2015". A sidebar on the left contains navigation items: "Welcome", "New Claim", "Personal Expenses" (with sub-items: Resubmission (0), Draft (0), Submitted (1), Approved (0), Rejected (0), Closed (0)). The main content area is titled "Expense Approval Process" and "Expense Claim Details". It contains a form with the following fields: "Ref" (value: AUTO), "Title *" (value: Hello, highlighted with a red box), and "Submitted By" (value: Admin Admin). A "Submit" button is located below the form. A note below the form reads: "Note: The title should appear in this format, example, Jan 06".

2. Get from request parameter

In the form element's properties, navigate to the **Value** attribute. Use the [Request Parameter Hash Variable](#) to retrieve the value set in the request parameter.

Property Editor

Advanced Options

Edit Text Field > **Advanced Options** > Validator (Default Validator)

Data

Value	<input type="text" value="#requestParam.title#"/>
Max Length	<input type="text"/>
Validator	<input type="text" value="Default Validator"/>
Encryption	<input type="checkbox"/>

Related Elements

- Request Parameter Hash Variable